## SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### 1. Product and Company Identification

Product identifier Electrical Contact Cleaner (4082-03)

 Other means of identification
 Not available

 Recommended use
 Cleaner

 Recommended restrictions
 None known.

 Manufacturer information
 Nu-Calgon

 2008 Alton C

2008 Altom Court St. Louis, MO 63146 US

Phone: 314-469-7000 / 800-554-5499

Emergency Phone: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

**Supplier** See above.

## 2. Hazards Identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards WHMIS 2015 defined hazards

Label elements

**Health hazards** 

Not classified.



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if

swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause

genetic defects.

**Precautionary statement** 

**Prevention** Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing gas.

Response IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Specific treatment (see information on this label). If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store in a

well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

WHMIS 2015: Health Hazard(s) not otherwise classified

(HHNOC)

None known

WHMIS 2015: Physical Hazard(s) not otherwise

Storage

classified (PHNOC)

None known

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information None.

## 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

#### **Mixture**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
1,1-Difluoroethane		75-37-6	39-64
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	31-50
Heptane		142-82-5	0.0-0.8

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

**Composition comments** 

US GHS: The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

## 4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Specific treatment (see information on this label). Take off

contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/attention.

Eye contact

Flush with cool water. Remove contact lenses, if applicable, and continue flushing. Obtain

medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delaved

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** 

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Keep out of reach of children.

## 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide.

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with

face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when

exposed to heat or flame.

Hazardous combustion products

May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing gas. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters.

## 7. Handling and Storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good industrial hygiene practices in handling this material. When using do not eat or drink. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Keep out of reach of children.

#### 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

## Occupational exposure limits

Components	Туре	Value	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	2050 mg/m3 500 ppm	
	TWA	1640 mg/m3 400 ppm	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	1590 mg/m3	
,		400 ppm	

# Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	

#### Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Туре	Value	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	

## Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	туре	value
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm

## Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Туре	Value	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	2050 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
	TWA	1640 mg/m3	

Components	linistry of Labor - Regulation Respecting Type	Value
		400 ppm
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	1590 mg/m3
,		400 ppm
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limit Components	s for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.100 Type	0) Value
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	PEL	2000 mg/m3 500 ppm
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	PEL	400 mg/m3
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		100 ppm
US. ACGIH Threshold Lim Components	it Values Type	Value
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm
Tieptalie (CAS 142-02-3)	TWA	400 ppm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide		
Components	Туре	Value
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3 440 ppm
	TWA	350 mg/m3 85 ppm
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS	TWA	400 mg/m3
64742-49-0)		100 ppm
US. AIHA Workplace Envil Components	ronmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guide Type	es Value
1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)	IVVA	2700 mg/m3
	TWA	1000 ppm
	No biological exposure limits noted for	1000 ppm
75-37-6)	No biological exposure limits noted for Good general ventilation (typically 10 a should be matched to conditions. If appor other engineering controls to mainta	1000 ppm the ingredient(s). ir changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates blicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilatio
75-37-6) logical limit values propriate engineering trols	No biological exposure limits noted for Good general ventilation (typically 10 a should be matched to conditions. If appor other engineering controls to mainta	1000 ppm the ingredient(s). ir changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates blicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation in airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. hed, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
75-37-6) logical limit values propriate engineering trols vidual protection measure Eye/face protection	No biological exposure limits noted for Good general ventilation (typically 10 a should be matched to conditions. If appor other engineering controls to mainta exposure limits have not been establish	1000 ppm the ingredient(s). ir changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates blicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation in airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. ned, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
75-37-6) logical limit values propriate engineering trols vidual protection measure Eye/face protection	No biological exposure limits noted for Good general ventilation (typically 10 a should be matched to conditions. If appor other engineering controls to mainta exposure limits have not been establish s, such as personal protective equipmer Wear safety glasses with side shields (	1000 ppm the ingredient(s). ir changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates blicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation in airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. hed, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. it or goggles).
75-37-6) logical limit values propriate engineering trols vidual protection measure Eye/face protection	No biological exposure limits noted for Good general ventilation (typically 10 a should be matched to conditions. If appor other engineering controls to mainta exposure limits have not been establish s, such as personal protective equipmer Wear safety glasses with side shields (Impervious gloves. Confirm with reputations)	1000 ppm the ingredient(s). ir changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates blicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. ned, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.  It or goggles).
75-37-6) logical limit values propriate engineering trols vidual protection measure Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection	No biological exposure limits noted for Good general ventilation (typically 10 a should be matched to conditions. If appor other engineering controls to mainta exposure limits have not been establish s, such as personal protective equipmer Wear safety glasses with side shields (  Impervious gloves. Confirm with reputation with reputation of the confirmation of the	1000 ppm  the ingredient(s).  ir changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates blicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation in airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. ned, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.  It or goggles).  able supplier first.  bothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. As the exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator. It is exceeded and in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134),
75-37-6) logical limit values propriate engineering trols  vidual protection measure Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection Other	No biological exposure limits noted for Good general ventilation (typically 10 a should be matched to conditions. If appor other engineering controls to mainta exposure limits have not been establish s, such as personal protective equipmer Wear safety glasses with side shields (  Impervious gloves. Confirm with repute Wear appropriate chemical resistant chequired by employer code.  Where exposure guideline levels may be Respirator should be selected by and uprofessional following requirements for	1000 ppm  the ingredient(s).  ir changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates blicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation in airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. ned, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.  It or goggles).  able supplier first.  bothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. As the exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator. It is exceeded and in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134),
75-37-6) logical limit values propriate engineering trols  vidual protection measure Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection Other	No biological exposure limits noted for Good general ventilation (typically 10 a should be matched to conditions. If appror other engineering controls to mainta exposure limits have not been establish s, such as personal protective equipmer Wear safety glasses with side shields (  Impervious gloves. Confirm with reputative was appropriate chemical resistant clarequired by employer code.  Where exposure guideline levels may be Respirator should be selected by and uprofessional following requirements for CAN/CSA-Z94.4 and ANSI's standard in Not applicable.  When using do not smoke. Always obsafter handling the material and before each of the should be selected.	the ingredient(s).  ir changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates blicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation in airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. and, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. at or goggles).  able supplier first.  othing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. As one exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator. ased under the direction of a trained health and safety and in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134), for respiratory protection (Z88.2).
75-37-6) logical limit values propriate engineering trols  vidual protection measure Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection Other  Respiratory protection Thermal hazards neral hygiene	No biological exposure limits noted for Good general ventilation (typically 10 a should be matched to conditions. If appror other engineering controls to mainta exposure limits have not been establish s, such as personal protective equipmer Wear safety glasses with side shields (  Impervious gloves. Confirm with reputative was appropriate chemical resistant clarequired by employer code.  Where exposure guideline levels may be Respirator should be selected by and uprofessional following requirements for CAN/CSA-Z94.4 and ANSI's standard in Not applicable.  When using do not smoke. Always obsafter handling the material and before each of the should be selected.	the ingredient(s).  ir changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates blicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation in airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. and, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.  It or goggles).  able supplier first.  Othing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. As the exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator. Issed under the direction of a trained health and safety and in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134), for respiratory protection (Z88.2).  erve good personal hygiene measures, such as washing eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work move contaminants. When using do not eat or drink.
75-37-6) logical limit values propriate engineering trols  vidual protection measure Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection Other  Respiratory protection Thermal hazards neral hygiene	No biological exposure limits noted for Good general ventilation (typically 10 a should be matched to conditions. If appor other engineering controls to mainta exposure limits have not been establish s, such as personal protective equipmer Wear safety glasses with side shields (  Impervious gloves. Confirm with reput: Wear appropriate chemical resistant clarequired by employer code.  Where exposure guideline levels may be Respirator should be selected by and uprofessional following requirements for CAN/CSA-Z94.4 and ANSI's standard in Not applicable.  When using do not smoke. Always obserter handling the material and before eclothing and protective equipment to residence in the should be selected.	the ingredient(s).  ir changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates blicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation in airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. and, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.  It or goggles).  able supplier first.  Othing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. As the exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator. Issed under the direction of a trained health and safety and in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134), for respiratory protection (Z88.2).  erve good personal hygiene measures, such as washing eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work move contaminants. When using do not eat or drink.
ros-37-6) logical limit values propriate engineering trols  vidual protection measure Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection Other  Respiratory protection Thermal hazards heral hygiene siderations	No biological exposure limits noted for Good general ventilation (typically 10 a should be matched to conditions. If appor other engineering controls to mainta exposure limits have not been establish s, such as personal protective equipmer Wear safety glasses with side shields (  Impervious gloves. Confirm with repute Wear appropriate chemical resistant chrequired by employer code.  Where exposure guideline levels may be Respirator should be selected by and approfessional following requirements for CAN/CSA-Z94.4 and ANSI's standard in Not applicable.  When using do not smoke. Always obstafter handling the material and before eclothing and protective equipment to response to the should be selected.	the ingredient(s).  ir changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates blicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation in airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Inted, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.  It or goggles).  Able supplier first.  Othing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. As the exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator. Issed under the direction of a trained health and safety and in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134), for respiratory protection (Z88.2).  Herve good personal hygiene measures, such as washing eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work move contaminants. When using do not eat or drink.
ros-37-6) logical limit values propriate engineering trols  vidual protection measure Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection Other  Respiratory protection Thermal hazards heral hygiene siderations	No biological exposure limits noted for Good general ventilation (typically 10 a should be matched to conditions. If appor other engineering controls to mainta exposure limits have not been established, such as personal protective equipmer. Wear safety glasses with side shields (  Impervious gloves. Confirm with reputative wear appropriate chemical resistant clarequired by employer code.  Where exposure guideline levels may be Respirator should be selected by and uprofessional following requirements for CAN/CSA-Z94.4 and ANSI's standard in Not applicable.  When using do not smoke. Always obstafter handling the material and before eclothing and protective equipment to response to the standard of the control of the standard of	the ingredient(s).  ir changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates blicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation in airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Inted, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.  It or goggles).  Able supplier first.  Othing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. As the exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator. Issed under the direction of a trained health and safety and in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134), for respiratory protection (Z88.2).  Herve good personal hygiene measures, such as washing eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work move contaminants. When using do not eat or drink.

Odor Mild hydrocarbon **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available. Melting point/freezing point Not available. Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Pour point Not available. Specific gravity Not available. **Partition coefficient** Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Not available. Flash point **Evaporation rate** Not available. Not available. Flammability (solid, gas)

Flammability limit - lower

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Not available. Vapor pressure Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available. Solubility(ies) Not available. Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature** Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** 

Other information

Density VOC: 2.92920 lb/gal Density

6.65630 lb/gal

Not explosive. **Explosive properties** Not oxidizing. **Oxidizing properties** % VOC: 44.00638% VOC (Weight %)

VOC Actual (g/l): 351.00566

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity This product may react with strong oxidizing agents.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Conditions to avoid Heat. Contact with incompatible materials. Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing agents. Acids. Hazardous decomposition

products

May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon.

## 11. Toxicological Information

Eye, Skin contact, Inhalation, Ingestion. Routes of exposure

Information on likely routes of exposure

Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious Ingestion

chemical pneumonia. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.

May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Inhalation

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Dizziness. May cause respiratory

irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation.

Components Species Test Results

1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 437500 ppm, 4 Hours, ECHA

> 64000 ppm

Oral

LD50 Rat > 1500 mg/kg

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Acute

Inhalation

 LC50
 Rat
 103 mg/L, 4 Hours

 LD50
 Mouse
 75 mg/L, 2 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 15000 mg/kg

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 3160 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 61 mg/L, 4 Hours

20 ppm 20 mg/l/4h

Oral

LD50 Rat > 25 ml/kg

5000 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

Exposure minutes Not available.

Erythema value Not available.

Oedema value Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Corneal opacity valueNot available.Iris lesion valueNot available.Conjunctival reddeningNot available.

value

Conjunctival oedema value Not available.

Recover days Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

**Reproductive toxicity**This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Teratogenicity Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecotoxicological data

Components Species Test Results

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Mozambique tilapia (Tilapia 375 mg/L, 96 hours

mossambica)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia pulex) 2.7 - 5.1 mg/L, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 8.8 mg/L, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

8.8 mg/L, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Mobility in soil

Mobility in general

Other adverse effects

No data available.

Not available.

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

## 13. Disposal Considerations

**Disposal instructions**Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents

under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance

with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

## 14. Transport Information

Transport of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Proof of Classification

In accordance with Part 2.2.1 (SOR/2014-152) of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations, we certify that the classification of this product is correct as of the SDS date of issue.

General IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

**U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)** 

**Basic shipping requirements:** 

UN number UN1950

**Proper shipping name** Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Hazard class Limited Quantity - US

Special provisions N82

Packaging exceptions <1L - Limited Quantity

Packaging non bulk None Packaging bulk None

Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG - Canada)

**Basic shipping requirements:** 

UN number UN1950

Proper shipping name AEROSOLS, flammable Limited Quantity - Canada

Special provisions 80, 107

Packaging exceptions <1L - Limited Quantity

IATA/ICAO (Air)

**Basic shipping requirements:** 

UN number UN1950

Proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

Hazard class 2.1

**IMDG (Marine Transport)** 

**Basic shipping requirements:** 

UN number UN1950
Proper shipping name AEROSOLS

Hazard class

DOT: TDG



IATA; IMDG



## 15. Regulatory Information

Canadian federal regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

#### Canada CEPA Schedule I: Listed substance

1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)

Listed.

Canada NPRI VOCs with Additional Reporting Requirements: Mass reporting threshold/Identification Number

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) 1 TONNES
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 1 TONNES

64742-49-0)

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

**Greenhouse Gases** 

1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)

**Precursor Control Regulations** 

Not regulated.

WHMIS 2015 Exemptions Not applicable

**US federal regulations**This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)** 

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Listed.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Nο

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely

hazardous substance

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

## Other federal regulations

## Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)

#### **US** state regulations

See below

#### US - California Hazardous Substances (Director's): Listed substance

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Listed. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742- Listed. 49-0)

#### **US - Illinois Chemical Safety Act: Listed substance**

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

#### US - Louisiana Spill Reporting: Listed substance

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Listed.

#### US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Listed substance

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Listed. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742- Listed. 49-0)

#### US - New Jersey RTK - Substances: Listed substance

1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

## **US - Texas Effects Screening Levels: Listed substance**

1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)Listed.Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)Listed.Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)Listed.

#### US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1.1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

## US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

## US. Rhode Island RTK

1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

Not Listed.

## Inventory status

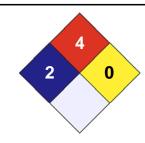
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

#### 16. Other Information







**Disclaimer** The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available. Information contained herein was obtained from sources considered technically accurate and reliable. While every effort has been made to ensure full disclosure of product hazards, in some cases data is not available and is so stated. Since conditions of actual product use are beyond control of the supplier, it is assumed that users of this material have been fully trained according to the requirements of all applicable legislation and regulatory instruments. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made and supplier will not be liable for any losses, injuries or

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Other information For an updated SDS, please contact the supplier/manufacturer listed on the first page of the

document.